

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME SEVENTEEN

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA THURSDAY, JAN. 14 1937



ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

FULL-COURSE MEALS, 25c. Up.

FROM 12-2, and FROM 6-8.

Ice Cream, Soft Drinks, Confectionery. Fruit.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

The World of Wheat.

By H. G. L. Strange, Director Research Department,
Seale Grain Co. Ltd.

A Scotsman made perhaps the greatest gift ever sent to Western Canada and received nothing in return!

This refers to the introduction into Canada and the west of the famous Red Fife wheat, which was not only of superlative quality itself, but also one of the parents of Marquis, Reward, Garnet, Thatcher, and other good varieties.

It appears that in 1842 David Fyfe of Otonabee Township, Ont., asked a friend in Glasgow, Scotland, to send him a little wheat. This Scotch friend took a small quantity from a cargo ship which had just arrived from Dantzic. David Fyfe received this and seeded it, and only 3 ears ripened. These were carefully preserved and seeded again and proved to be a wonderful wheat, which was soon given the name Red Fife.

Red Fife was imported into Manitoba about 1870, and the first shipment of wheat from Western Canada, made in 1876, consisted entirely of Red Fife. This established the high reputation of Canadian wheat on the world's markets.

David Fyfe made little or nothing out of his selection, and the name of his Scots friend who made the valuable gift to us is not even known.

China is the largest wheat producer in the world.

Of the 5600 million bu. of wheat produced and consumed on the average each year in the world, the Chinese production and consumption is about 950 million.

Russia follows, a close second, with almost the same amount, but it is expected that in a few years the wheat grown in Russia will exceed the Chinese production. The population of Russia is increasing at such a rate, it seems almost certain that the people there will require for their own consumption every bushel on the average they can raise.

Russia tells us that she does not produce wheat for export in competition with Canada, and will only sell wheat abroad when she has a much larger crop than usual.

Third comes the United States with a production in normal years of about 800 million bushels.

Fourth comes Canada with an average of 385 million.

Next India with 340 million; then France with 290 million; Argentina, 235 million; Italy, 225 million; Spain, 145 million; then a number of countries each of which produces quantities varying from 140 million down to 5 million.

The Tax Sale.

The auction sale of property in arrears of taxes on Stony Plain's townsite, held Jan. 7, was not very productive of results.

The first lot put up, No. 5, block 2, was withdrawn, as a settlement of the arrears had been made.

Lots 6, 7, 8, block 8, on the east side of town, with a house thereon, was next offered. No bids.

On offering lot 12, block 10, situated east of Jas. Mayer's residence, the auctioneer was shown some competition. The bidding was keen between Mr. Karl Fischer and Mrs. Trux, the latter securing the place.

Lots 3 and 9, block 11, on Main street, were passed up by the assembled bidders. Lot 9 is where a huge excavation had been made, preparatory to building a playground.

Lots 10 11 12, block 12, opposite the entrance to the Fair Grounds, were next put up, with no bidders. When Block A, 5 acres in the Ross subdivision (occupied by Joe Coarn) was offered, no bids were made.

No bids were received when the Pote Houck 60 acres were put up; nor was the reserve bid reached on the acre with a building located west of block 12.

Skating with Pleasure.

Local skaters who have had their sport interfered with heretofore by the variable weather and other causes, are beginning to realize that they should make an effort to have the skating season here lengthened, and the skating arrangements more convenient.

While still hoping that, in time, a covered rink will be provided where skating and hockey may be engaged in, those who are at present disgruntled with the service they have been receiving this season, are planning for next season to have the rink in a different location than at present, where the sport, for reasons at present unknown, have not proven very satisfactory.

The planners have two sites in view, and it's probable that, when next season rolls around, the town youths may be enjoying their winter sport on a spot other than the Blink-on-the-Hill.

Watch Your Lights.

As most motorists know, since the beginning of the year police patrols have been stopping all cars on the roads leading in to Edmonton.

All motorists were required to produce their drivers' licenses and prove that the brakes on their machines were in first-class condition. Also that their headlights were of the required power without glare; that their tail light was working; that both license plates were in their proper places and were plainly visible.

Particular vigilance was directed while the drive was on by the police toward curbing the menace of glaring headlights. Glaring headlights have been directly to blame for hundreds of the fatal crashes in Canada during the past year.

HARDWICK'S

YOUR HOME TOWN STORE.

Sports Sweater for Mother and Daughter.

Jumbo knit, 2 neat pockets, roll neck, snug fitting at waist and wrist. Colors, Scarlet, Beige, White and Blue.

Girls, sizes 28 to 32. Price, each \$1.95.

Ladies, sizes 34 to 42. Price, each, \$2.25.

Misses' Bloomers.

The most comfortable warmth you can get for the price; fleece-lined; elastic at waist and knees; Colors, Peach and Navy; sizes, 26 to 34. Each 35c.

Rayon Plated Hose.

Reinforced heels and toes. Shades, Distingue, Crashtone, Gunmetal;

Sizes, 8 1-2 to 10. Per pair, 35c.

Gay Cotton Broadcloth House Frocks.

Everyone is good to look at and a delight to wear. All sizes and colors ranging from size 14 to 50; values up to \$1.50. 98c each.

Boys' Slip-over Sweaters.

Polo collar; sizes 24 to 30; brown with trim, and wine with trim. Each, \$1.25.

Winter Caps for Boys.

Have ear flaps; tailored from good substantial wool suitings; assorted head sizes. 75c each.

Grocery Specials---Lots of them.

Orchard City Tender Peas, 2 tins for 25c.
California Prunes, medium size, 3 pounds 29c.
Rowntree Baking Chocolate, 18c 1-2 lb. cake.
York Sausage, 114-ounce tin 25c.
Empire-grown Nabob Tea, 1-lb. package 45c.

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Get It at HARDWICK'S.

AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

LLOYDS UNDERWRITERS.

The greatest insurance organization in the world. Are now accepting Fire Insurance in Alberta at the lowest possible rates.

Before insuring elsewhere, consult

GEO. J. BRYAN, Stony Plain.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.

DRESSED POULTRY.

CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK. HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
PHONE SEVEN. STONY PLAIN.



Sold by T. J. Hardwick, Stony Plain

FREE newBook

48 PAGES
WHO'S WHO
in the
NATIONAL HOCKEY LEAGUE

... SEND FOR YOUR

Other Products of the St. Lawrence Starch Co. Ltd., Port Credit, Ont.—Durham Corn Starch, St. Lawrence Corn Starch, Ivory Gloss Laundry Starch and St. Lawrence Double Refined Maize Oil.

Something New In Agriculture

The vista of a new basis for marketing cereal grains, fruits, vegetables, meats and other farm products opens up for the farmer, sometime in the future, with the comparatively recent discovery that mineral salts are essential to human health, that the only way that these necessities can be properly assimilated is through food containing them and that many foods do not contain enough because the soil has been robbed of a substantial proportion of these elements.

The theory, if it can still be referred to only as a theory, is that vitamins, which are now known to be essential to life and health, regulate the absorption of minerals in the system and that even though vitamins are contained in food they cannot be assimilated without accompanying mineral salts. Further it is contended that many soils have been depleted of one or more of the essential minerals, and that, therefore, food grown in such impoverished soils, lacks the required nutritional value and before they can again be made valuable for human consumption, lost minerals must be restored to the soil.

The discovery and the results of subsequent experiments which have been intensively conducted in several districts in the United States point to the possibility that sometime in the future the discriminating consumer will want to buy his carrots, his eggs, his bread and his breakfast cereal on the basis of their mineral content, rather than by the bushel, the dozen, the pound or the package.

When and if this time ever comes, the farmer who is able to guarantee the mineral content of his products should be able to secure a premium over the price paid to his colleague for just carrots, wheat, eggs and bacon. But, to be able to do this, he will first have to ascertain the mineral content of the soil from which these products are derived and to restore any deficiencies there may be of any one or more of at least 16 mineral elements regarded as essential to normal nutrition.

Thus the farmer of the future will have to add to his many other qualifications something of a knowledge of physics and chemistry.

Much has been written and said about the dietetic values of different foods during the past 15 or 20 years and during that period many new discoveries have been made in this field as research work became more intensive and as each new discovery led to the threshold of another.

Before scientists entered the field of dietetics man had to learn by trial and error what foods best suited his digestive tract, and what commodities build up health and strength. Then the calorie was discovered as the unit of measure of the value of food in terms of energy.

But later scientists discovered that the human body could consume the standard requirements in calories and yet starve if the food did not contain another essential factor, the vitamins, and now we are told the vitamins can only do their work if mineral salts are present in co-ordination.

This discovery is attributed to Dr. Charles Northen, an Alabama physician, by Rex Beach writing in *Hearst's International Cosmopolitan*, and he reports some remarkable results of experiments conducted by Dr. Northen and his disciples. He reported that a "gentleman farmer" at Niagara Falls succeeded in adding iodine and iron to soil so liberally "that one glass of milk from one of his cows contains all the minerals that an adult requires for a day."

Dr. Northen and Mr. Beach himself found by actual experimentation that plants grown in properly balanced soil without insect pests and disease while adjoining plants in untreated soil were ridiculed by the one and ravaged by the other. "My celery" said Mr. Beach, "had more than twice the mineral content of the best grown elsewhere; and it kept much better, proving that the cell structure was sounder."

The writer quotes Dr. Northen as giving the comforting assurance that the process of restoring soils to proper mineral balance is neither complicated nor expensive. "Any competent soil chemist," says Dr. Northen "can tell you how to proceed. First determine by analysis the precise chemistry of any given soil, then correct the deficiencies by putting down the missing elements. The same care should be used as in prescribing for a sick patient, for proportions are of vital importance."

Mr. Beach also quoted a nutrition authority as stating that "Happily, we're on our way to better health by returning to the soil the things we have stolen from it. The public can hasten the change by demanding quality in its food, insisting that health departments establish scientific standards of nutritional value. The growers will quickly respond. They can put back those minerals almost overnight."

Printed sermons, taken from the print shop of Benjamin Franklin, lion of the word widow? Junior—"A widow is a woman that ridges for the battle of Monmouth during the Revolutionary War."

Teacher—"Junior, tell me the definition of the word widow?" Junior—"A widow is a woman that lived so long with her husband that he died."

Canadian Authors

Dominant Home Market And Sell Stories To American Magazine
Canadian authors in the short story field have more than made the best of their unlimited opportunities at home—they have entered the United States market, and held their own against heavy odds, according to the editors of three of Canada's largest fiction-using magazines.

High standards set by American magazines necessarily have meant the same requirements for Canadian fiction writers because of active competition without the benefit of a protective tariff, the editors agreed. Although matched against American "name" writers and without the build-up publicity available to their competitors, Canadians, besides dominating their home market, are selling stories to United States magazines.

Joseph L. Rutledge, editor of Canadian Magazine, believes Canadians are writing just as good stories as Americans and, what counts more, selling them. William Dawson, managing editor of Canadian Home Journal, said of the 65 short stories he published this year, 40 were written by Canadians.

Unknown writers have more than a good chance of selling their products in Canada as long as the story meets all requirements, said H. Napier Moore. The editor of Maclean's Magazine said if a good story was submitted, no matter who the author might be, back would go a cheque by return mail along with a request for more.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Ready to go

The liver should pour out two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels every day. If it does not, your food does not digest. It just decays in your stomach, and you get constipated. Harmful poisons go into the blood, and you feel sick, and the world looks pink.

Don't you want to always get up in the morning feeling good, and Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pounds of bile flowing? Take one or two, and you'll feel "up and up." Harmless and gentle, they keep the liver healthy. The liver is the seat of all the poisons in the body. It is the seat of all the poisons in the body. It is the seat of all the poisons in the body. It is the seat of all the poisons in the body.

Experiment With Telepathy

University Professor Tried It With Deck Of Special Cards

Experiments which he says mathematically prove the existence of telepathy have been made public by Prof. J. B. Rhine, of Duke University in Durham, North Carolina.

The telepathy was based on a special deck of 25 cards, whose faces bore one of five designs, a star, plus sign, wave, rectangle or circle. There were five of each in the pack.

Miss Sara Owenby, Duke psychologist, imagined these cards, one after another, as they might lie in the pack. "GZ" another Duke psychologist, a man, sat with eyes closed and told card by card what Miss Owenby was thinking. He did not always read her mind.

But when he sat beside her and called the whole pack 950 times, his average of right calls of her imaginary cards was 14 per pack. When he sat in the next room from her, his average was 14.6 in 750 packs and when he sat two rooms away his average was 16 cards right in each of 250 packs.

He made, furthermore, one perfect score of 25 while sitting beside Miss Owenby. He made numerous runs close to 20 or even above.

Mechanization Of Cavalry

Means That Horses Will Not Go To Future Wars

The horse will never again go to war, according to the director of military training of the Canadian Department of National Defence. That's something to be thankful for.

If men will go on killing each other, that's their business, but horses don't want to kill each other, or anybody else, and, we fancy, they don't like to be mangled and left to die on battlefields to settle man's disputes.

"The Charge of the Light Brigade" gave Tennyson the subject for a very fine poem, but paintings of it give anyone who loves man's noble animal friend a pain in the stomach.

The mechanization of cavalry, while it may speed up the slaughter of mankind, which is responsible for war, will at least spare from war's horrors a lot of very fine animals, who are in no wise responsible for wholesale throat-cutting. — Detroit Free Press.

Empire Service League

King George Has Consented To Be Patron-In-Chief Of Order

King George has consented to succeed the former King Edward VIII, as patron-in-chief of the British Empire Service League, J. R. Bowler, general secretary of the Canadian legion, announced at Ottawa. The legion is the Canadian member of the league, founded by the late Earl Haig. His Majesty thus follows the example set him by the late King George V, who became patron-in-chief at the inception of the organization.

SELECTED RECIPES

PLAIN REFRIGERATOR ROLLS

Temperature: 425-440 degrees F. Time: 12 to 15 minutes.

2 cups milk; 1/2 cup sugar; 2 teaspoons salt; 3 tablespoons shortening; 1/2 cup lukewarm water; 1 tablespoon sugar; 2 eggs; well beaten; 8 cups Royal Household flour; 2 cakes fresh yeast.

Method: Scald milk; add 1/2 cup sugar, salt and shortening; cool to lukewarm. Dissolve the yeast in the lukewarm water; add 1 tablespoon sugar; let stand 5 minutes. Add to milk mixture. Now add well beaten eggs. Stir in 4 cups Royal Household flour; beat until smooth. Continue adding flour just as long as the batter can be stirred (approximately 4 cups). Brush lightly with melted butter; cover; place in refrigerator. When about to make the rolls, take out as much batter as desired. Roll on lightly floured board; cut with floured cookie cutter. These rolls may be shaped in finger rolls, Parker House rolls or crescents. Place on greased cookie sheets, two inches apart; let rise until double in bulk (about 2 hours). Bake in hot oven 425 degrees F. for 5 minutes; reduce heat to 400 degrees F. and continue baking until brown. Remove from oven and brush with melted butter. Recipe by Mildred Mac Macdonald. Copyright.

TUNA NEWBURGH

10 Christie's Soda Wafers, rolled fine
1 1/2 cup rich milk
1 tablespoon butter
2 tablespoons shredded green pepper
1 tablespoon minced onion
2 tablespoons pimiento strips
2 cups tuna
1 egg
Salt and pepper
Soak crackers in milk, add butter and slowly bring to boiling point. Add peppers, onion, pimiento and tuna. Stir into beaten eggs and return to fire and cook three minutes, stirring constantly. Serve on heated soda wafers. Six portions.

To Ease a Headache Fast

Get Real Quick-Acting, Quick-Dissolving "ASPIRIN"



For QUICK Relief

If you suffer from headaches what you want is quick relief.

"Aspirin" tablets give quick relief, for one reason, because they dissolve or disintegrate almost instantly they touch moisture. (Note illustration above.)

Hence—when you take an "Aspirin" tablet it starts to dissolve almost as quickly as you swallow it. And thus is ready to start working almost instantly—headaches, neuralgia and neuritis pains start easing almost at once.

"Aspirin" tablets are made in Canada. "Aspirin" is the registered trade-mark of the Bayer Company, Limited, in Germany, Ontario. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every tablet.

Try it. You'll say it's marvelous.



Awaits Super Metal

But Bridge Building Was Greatly Helped By Bessener Process

Every 24 hours, about 3,000,000 people cross the bridges of New York City alone. With six mammoth bridges lying within 10 miles of each other, the bridge facilities across the East river, New York, are still considered insufficient.

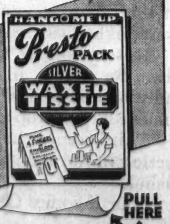
The opening of a new bridge causes an important change in the life of a city and the population spreads rapidly into the suburbs.

For thousands of years, man found his best bridge material in stone, but the work of keeping the ancient bridges in repair was quite costly. The same was the case with wooden bridges. Storms, winds, animals and flood destroyed their foundations and made them unsafe. In the middle of the nineteenth century the first metal bridges, made of cast iron, appeared. But they were impractical because cast iron lacks tensile strength. The development that revolutionized bridge building was the Bessener process. This enabled engineers to design steel trusses with high tensile strength.

John Roething originated the use of wire cables for suspension bridges in America. His great undertaking, the Brooklyn Bridge, was literally spun out of steel threads.

Bridge building, like shipbuilding, awaits a super metal. With present materials, it would be possible to build a suspension span 10,000 feet long, or a little less than two miles. —Popular Mechanics.

Save "LEFT-OVERS" with **Apple Sauce** **Presto Pack WAXED TISSUE**



MORE CONVENIENT TO USE...

Just hang a package in your kitchen. You'll be delighted with its convenience - for, with one hand, you can easily extract a single sheet at a time leaving the other hand free to hold the "left-over" being wrapped.

Warehouses at Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

With Improved Business Conditions The Number On Relief Will Show Increase

Despite undoubted advances in employment and trade, the number of persons on relief in Canada is larger at the end of 1935 than at the end of 1935, the Canadian Welfare Council stated in its annual survey of relief trends.

The council came to the "reluctant conclusion" that unemployment relief totals at the year's end will show an increase of six to eight per cent. for Canada as a whole over last year's totals at this time. Further increase may be expected, it said, as dependency grows in the western drought areas.

The figure might run even to 12 per cent. above last year's total if all those added now through special works projects, farm placement and other schemes were included, it added.

The council's estimates are based on information gained by members of its staff in actual visits to every province since Oct. 1.

With the business index in Canada showing an improvement of more than 50 per cent. since 1933, and with employment up about 30 per cent., there can be only grave realization that we are not breaking the line of national relief totals when these show only about 19 to 20 per cent. reduction from those at the corresponding period in the depth of the depression," the statement continued.

The large number of workers who have managed to maintain themselves and keep off relief with part-time or temporary employment, and who have been the first to benefit from new employment opportunities, the technological improvements in industry since the beginning of the depression and the drought conditions in the west which have retarded improvements in industry and commerce were advanced as reasons contributing to the continuing high totals in relief.

"All of these considerations affect the situation," the council observes. "But in its readiness it comes down to two or three stern realities, of which one is that the depression has left Canada with a burden of economic dependency just as easily as the war left her with a \$42,000,000 annual war-pension burden."

"Somewhere, we do not know where, there is a high water line of broken men and women, most of them in upper-age groups, who with their dependents with a few exceptions are our need for much time to come. About 50 per cent. of those on relief have been on now fairly steadily for nearly three years."

Many socially dependent and unemployed persons have remained under direct unemployment because of the lack of adequate provincial and municipal welfare service to meet their needs, the council declared.

In British Columbia, where a special study of this phase of the relief problem was initiated recently, an analysis by welfare authorities showed that 11 per cent. of family heads and individual workers on direct relief were totally unemployed, 15 per cent. partially disabled, nearly 17 per cent. over 50, and nearly 19 per cent. farmers. The problem of full re-employment was judged as affecting therefore only 48 per cent. of the total on relief.

Referring to "growing reluctance" with the continuing high relief totals in the face of economic gains, and a general impression that many of the unemployed will not seek or take work, the statement conceded this may be true as some proportion of them "when circumstances, mass handling of the problem has encouraged in dependency," but it is not true of the greater number of formerly self-supporting workers "who ask only the opportunity of employment to demonstrate their willingness to take it."

The position of the unskilled or

semi-skilled worker, under prevailing wage rates and conditions of employment was cited as a factor keeping relief totals high.

These workers, who make up from 40 to 60 per cent. of those on relief, could do better on relief if they had large families to support than they could on their average earnings when employed at prevailing wage rates in unskilled or semi-skilled pursuits.

A total of from 1,050,000 to 1,100,000 on direct unemployment relief, with a probable 200,000 or more included from the drought areas, and perhaps another 100,000 added through works projects, farm placement and settlement. A grand total of approximately 1,300,000 is the council's estimate of Canadian relief totals for mid-December.

Reduced totals in certain parts of Canada, notably in a number of Ontario cities, slight reductions in Nova Scotia as a whole, and larger reductions in British Columbia, were recorded on the welfare council statement.

Got Credit Anyway

Country Squire Thanked For Turkey He Forgot To Send

Sir Sam Fay used to tell a story of a country squire who usually sent a poor neighbor a turkey at Christmas time. One Christmas he forgot, and, meeting the man soon after, he said, jokingly, "Well, how did you like that turkey I sent you this Christmas?" "Oh, very much indeed, sir, thank you," replied the man heartily. "It was a splendid bird!" The squire gasped. "Wh-wha-a-a-t?" I say it was a fine bird, sir," the poor neighbor went on. "I thought I very nearly didn't get it at all." "How was that?" was the squire's natural question. "Well, sir," the man proceeded, "knowing you'd send me a turkey, as usual, sir, I was excited, I'm so to speak, but it didn't come. So I went up to the post office and I made a run about it. I told them who it was coming from, and I said you'd be very angry if I didn't get it, so they took me into a room where there was a lot of parcels of turkeys that had lost their labels in the Christmas rush and said could I identify the parcel. I looked through the parcels, and, knowing your kindness, sir, I chose the biggest and said that was it. And, as I said, sir, a very fine bird it was too!"

New Wood Preservative

Life Of Wood Said To Be Lengthened By New Process

A new wood preservation treatment, lengthening the life of telephone and telegraph poles, bridge piling and underground beams used in mines, was being used in the battle against moisture, fungi and insects.

Although woods have been said to be the cause of heated-over poles or earth settling the cause of a mine disaster, T. A. Sparks, Winnipeg lumberman, revealed the main trouble generally was decay of wood fibers.

By the use of the "sodium process," he said, freshly cut trees can be permeated with a fluid that is toxic against insects, moisture and fungi growth. Thus timber is subject to atmospheric changes are given life 10 to 20 times their normal span.

Sodium fluoride, a salt solution, and disintegrated, a moisture protective, mixed into a paste fluid, is painted on a tree after its bark has been removed while still green. The liquid then will permeate the timber in a period of 25 to 30 days by the osmotic law, an old physician law whereby liquid diffuses into place through a porous wall or membrane.

Receives Ancient Sword

The provincial archivist at Victoria has been awarded with the sword of Capt. R. R. Laird, who, in 1859, went to British Columbia with the Royal Engineers and was prominent in the early development of the province. Mr. R. R. Laird, now living in England, sent his father's sword out with his Percy Vincent, land manager of London, when he visited the coast in August.

Brighter Farm Prospects

Farmers East And West Look Hopefully To The Future

With the turn of the year, Canadian farmers look forward to what 1937 holds in store for them. In Western Canada after the long series of dry weather and consequent short crops, farmers may well look ahead with hopes for improvement. In Ontario, too, the drought of 1935 in many of the agricultural areas of the province fathers the hope of more plentiful harvests for 1937. While it is true that weather has a greater influence on the agricultural production of any given year, there are also other factors which should be given consideration. Prices of agricultural products vary from day to day and from year to year. In view of these variations in price, it is often possible for individuals to make adjustments in their production program in such a way as to take the fullest advantage of price movements. The trend of such price movements depends on a wide variety of forces which affect the supply of and the demand for individual commodities.

In the broad sense, the whole agricultural market position is affected by conditions in the world markets and in the markets at home. World trade improved somewhat during the first nine months of 1936. However, many of the trade barriers erected in recent years are still impeding the movement of goods between the nations of the world. It is encouraging to Canadians to note that the trade of the two chief customer countries, the United Kingdom and the United States, has been showing improvement. Domestic recovery is well advanced in these two nations. In Canada economic conditions showed material recovery in 1936, and this has brought about a strengthening of the demand in Canada for agricultural products. Prospects for further improvement in 1937 appear reasonably bright.

The question of the prospects for Canadian agriculture in 1937 is discussed in detail in "The Agricultural Situation and Outlook for 1937." This publication will be available free from the Publicity and Extension Branch of the Department of Agriculture.

Only Seven Left.

Religious Sect Known As Shakers Once Numbered 5,000

The discovery has been made that there are still seven members of the Shakers living at Watervliet, near Albany, N.Y., the last remnant of a community which formerly numbered nearly 5,000.

The Shakers are an American religious sect, but they had their origin in England about 1760. The founder was Ann Lee, daughter of a blacksmith, born in Manchester just 200 years ago.

Diner—"Walter, look at the ends of this sausage."

Walter—"What's wrong with them, sir?"

Diner—"They're very close together, aren't they?"

Radical Changes In Heating Principles Of Refrigerator Cars Will Widen Markets

Farmers' Account Book

Record Of All Farm Transactions Should Be Kept In Business Like Manner

The Canadian farmer may be absorbed from the accusation that in taking stock of his farm business at the present time he is only following the often futile fashion of making good resolutions for the New Year. It just so happens that the season of the year when good resolutions are popularly supposed to have a special virtue coincides with the period of the year which affords the farmer the best opportunity for making a detailed survey of his business, past and future.

To-day, farming is more of a business proposition than ever before, and the farmer who does not know the exact state of how he stands with reference to every item connected with the farm is at a disadvantage with the farmer who does. Some what more than a rough and ready method is necessary.

A record of each department of the farm business should be kept because it is the only way of finding out which part of the farming pays, and which does not. To assist the farmer in this very important matter, the Dominion Department of Agriculture issues a very simple and useful little account book which may be obtained from the King's Printer at a nominal price of 10 cents. No special knowledge of accounting is necessary and a record of transactions can often be made in less than one hour per week.

Had One Good Feature

Lincoln's Election To Presidency Got Them Some New Clothes

When it became an assured fact that Abraham Lincoln was to be President of the United States, the president-elect with his wife got ready to start on the journey to Washington.

They paid a brief visit to Chicago where Mrs. Lincoln purchased her inauguration gown, the first silk dress she had ever owned.

As the first were unpacking their purchases after their return home, Lincoln remarked, "Well, wife, there is one thing likely to come out of this trip anyhow. We are going to have some new clothes." — Christian Science Monitor.

Takes Engineering Honors

A girl is taking honors in what is generally considered a "man's profession" at the University of Wisconsin, according to a bulletin from the university. She is Miss Mary Anderson, a student in the chemical engineering class who is the sole representative of her sex on an honor roll which bears the names of 51 men.

An Exclusive Alice Brooks Design



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

Looks for all the world like a Kitchenware Festival, doesn't it?—this bright collection of kitchenware designed by Alice Brooks. Trust Alice Brooks to bring you something new and different in the way of day-of-the-week towel sets. Here it is, and just wait till you see the effect of simply 8-to-the-inch cross stitch in black, any, with ribbon garlands in the gayest of colors! In pattern 5685 you will find a handsome pattern of six motifs averaging 4 1/2 x 8 inches; material requirements, color suggestions, illustrations of 18 different ways to use the patterns.

To obtain this pattern and 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred), to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is an Alice Brooks pattern book published

Radical changes in heating principles for Canadian railroad refrigerator cars may permit the Dominion to find its full share in United Kingdom markets for bacon and apples.

Ten new cars, designed through co-operation of the National Research Council, have proved themselves in test shipments of bacon, apples and other perishable commodities, and probably will mean wider markets and greater prices for Canadian producers, according to J. L. Townsend, system supervisor of perishable traffic for Canadian National Railway.

Mr. Townsend, who co-operated with Dr. C. B. Niven, of Ottawa, in designing the new system which permits refrigerator cars to be kept at an even temperature throughout for the first time, said to-day all tests by the railway had been "perfect."

Canadian bacon, which at present supplies only 50 per cent. of its quota in the United Kingdom, has been shipped from Edmonton to Halifax in maximum temperatures of 46 degrees below zero for the first time without loss.

Under present heating arrangements, the Canadian producer suffers from lack of demand in the United Kingdom for bacon which also brings prices lower than Danish produce. With the new system based on a charcoal heater placed on one side of the car beneath the door instead of inside the car as at present, Mr. Townsend said Canadian bacon could be shipped from the west to Halifax and Saint John ports "in perfect condition."

Canadian bacon, damaged by uneven temperatures at present means a loss of approximately \$500 per car, Mr. Townsend estimated.

Apples and other perishable goods suffered in the same way. Fresh meats from western Canada, for instance, brought in Montreal two cents per pound less than other meat which had been only "chilled," instead of being frozen, the only way in which meat can be transported under old plans.

Mr. Townsend, after displaying written communications from the United States department of agriculture, which also requested complete information of the new system, quoted a letter from the head of one of Canada's largest packing houses. The packing executive said "one of the most vital things in development of Canadian trade is getting bacon to England in perfect condition," and expressed the hope that by next winter the railways would have cars sufficient to handle "all bacon available for export."

Heat for the new cars, Mr. Townsend explained, was supplied from the "underlying" heater by circulation of a "anti-freeze" solution through piping around the base of the car which period maintains low temperatures all through the shipment. The old system provided temperatures varying 20 degrees from the bottom to the top of the cars which usually meant oversteering at the top of the shipment and possible frostbite around the base.

Treat Seed At Elevators

Farmers In New York State Saved Much Time

Grain elevators and mills in New York State are making themselves popular with farmers by treating their seed against smut and other plant diseases. Done in a wholesale way the cost to the elevator is very small and the saving of time to growers is considerable. Although advocated by Cornell University pathologists for a long time, it wasn't until recently that the mills took up the practice, a company in Waverly, New York, being first.—Country Home Magazine.

Learning Is Personal

No man ever yet learned by having somebody else learn for him. A man learns arithmetic by blunder in and blunder out, but at last he gets it. A man learns to write through "sawing"; a man learns to swim by going into the water, and a man learns to vote by voting.—Henry Wood Beecher.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The United States public debt has reached a new all-time peak of \$34,407,884,000.

Annual meetings of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association will be held at the University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, on June 24, 25 and 26.

Edward W. Meyerstein has offered \$500,000 as the foundation of a fund to build a convalescent home in London to serve the capital's large hospitals.

The air ministry announced the king had been pleased to assume the appointment of air commodore-in-chief of squadrons comprising the auxiliary air force.

Ill for a month, William N. Gibson, 66, assistant manager of the Calgary Exhibition and Stampede Ltd., died in hospital at Calgary recently. He was born at Danville, Que., coming to Calgary in 1908.

Canada reported employment of 93.1 per cent. of available workers on Nov. 1, 1936, compared with 90.4 per cent. on Nov. 1, 1935, according to the statistical bulletin of the international labor bureau announced at Geneva.

The Duke of Gloucester's promotion to the rank of major-general in the army has been officially announced. King George VI. also conferred on the Duke of Gloucester the title of Dame of the Grand Cross in Order of St. John of Jerusalem.

Lt.-Col. Ronald S. H. Stafford has been commissioned to prepare measures for regulation of the British Broadcasting Corporation in case of war. Lt.-Col. Stafford was appointed some time ago "to revise and bring up to the minute appropriate measures in the event of war."

Fred McGargar, secretary of the Rodéo Association of America, announced that Pete Knight of Crossfield, Alberta, had been ranked champion bronco rider for 1936. John Bowman of Oakdale, Calif., won the cowboy national championship ranking of the association.

Wins Science Prize

Thousand Dollar Award Goes To 32-Year-Old Doctor

The \$1,000 prize of the American Association for the Advancement of Science was awarded to 32-year-old Dr. W. M. Stanley, of the Rockefeller Institute, for discovery of a new principle of disease and possibly the origin of "life."

The principle is that proteins, which have been supposed to be inert, lifeless particles, can spontaneously become at least half alive, and that they can then produce disease the same as bacteria.

He has found the link between in-er matter and life, between his report declares, the lifeless atoms which chemists study and the living cells in which biologists have been seeking the origin of disease and of vitality.

He has demonstrated that certain lifeless protein crystals can become "alive," without any change that microscopes can discover except that they act like bacteria in being able to reproduce their kind, and to transmit hereditary traits to their offspring, much like living "fathers and mothers."

Eclipse Of The Sun

Will Occur On June 8, And Will Be Visible In Peru

Astronomers the world over looked forward to the longest eclipse of the sun in 1,200 years, on June 8, but wondered how they would contrive to study the phenomenon, visible only at sea and on a tiny strip of the Peruvian coast.

The 1937 eclipse will last seven minutes and four seconds, but will not be surpassed until 2150, when an eclipse of seven minutes and 34 seconds will occur—nearly reaching the maximum of seven minutes and thirty seconds.

Blue Ivory Not Artificial

Blue ivory is not artificially colored, but comes from the tusks of extinct mammoths found embedded in the frozen soil of northern Siberia. The blue color is due to the metallic salts which have penetrated them in the course of centuries.

Would Prove Impossible

Canada Could Not Safely Alter Age For Pensions

According to the Ottawa correspondent of the Financial Post there is a "rising tide of opinion" that old age pensions in Canada should begin earlier than 70. He adds that the fixing of 65 for the beginning of benefits under the social security legislation of the United States "is sure to have repercussions on this side."

But there is one essential difference between the pensions law in Canada and the pensions law in the United States. The United States pensions are being made contributory. Canada's old age pensions, on the other hand, are contributed 100 per cent. by the State—75 per cent. of the Dominion, 25 per cent. by the provinces.

When the old age pensions bill came into force in 1927 few people foresaw the cost. Now that Quebec has come under the scheme the bill will run to \$30,000,000 annually, gradually rising. Any lowering of the age of beginning benefits would bring it to \$50,000,000.

The Journal is not minimizing the importance of old age pensions. They are necessary. But it often happens that things necessary are things impossible; nor is it well to forget that our federal treasury is still in the red by about \$100,000,000 annually.—Ottawa Journal.

Miracles Of The Future

List Includes Many Things That Seem Impossible Now

Some of the miracles promised for the future are these, listed by Fact Digest:

Transmitting of electricity by radio.

Men who are fully matured at 10 years of age.

The average person will live to be 100.

Artificial teeth as good as natural ones, roofs that never leak, knives that will not dull and rugs that won't show wear.

Creation of substances that will make chickens as big as pigs.

A two-hour work day.

There will be no visiting. People will stay at home and call on their friends by television.

Dream pills. By taking a certain pill a man will be able to select the kind of dream he wants.

Pneumatic tubes will carry complete meals to homes.

The streets will be sprayed daily with blue water.

Replacing cotton by an incombustible fabric made from scrap bottle-glass.

Taxicabs will have wings.

Mail chutes will bring letters direct to your home.

George Bernard Shaw says that in 3,000 years, children will be able to talk as soon as they are born.

Photographs have revealed many secrets about the lightning flash.

They show that there is a sort of leading dart of electricity, which starts off the main flash. This "leader" flash travels at the rate of about 5,000 miles a second.

Bill—"Isn't it awful that George is going to get married?"

Tom—"What's awful about it?"

Bill—"Why, George was such an easy chap to borrow money from!"

DRESS UP TO YOUR GAYEST OCCASIONS IN THIS CHARM- ING STYLE!

By Anne Adams



Glamour news... Fashion news! Here's just the adorable dress-up frock you've been looking for to lend a gay touch to every-day occasions, and add allure to "gala events!"

So irresistible—its full-skirted charm that once you've made it, you may expect compliments galore! See how pretty full sleeves may puff above or below your elbow, while uprisings skirtfront and fascinating necklines are accented by dainty bows of narrow ribbon. This captivating model's delight to behold in lustrous satin, printed or monochrome crepe, or silk jersey. And it's as easy to make as it is fair to behold! You'll surely want to repeat this pattern for Spring in, say, a triple sheer.

Pattern 4270 is available in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40. Sizes 16 takes 3 1/2 yards 20 inch fabric and 2 1/2 yards 34 inch ribbon. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coin or stamps (coin preferred) for this "Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number, and send order to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

A Crimeless City

Canberra, Capital Of Australia,

Claims To Hold Record

In Canberra, capital city of Australia, no one has ever committed a serious crime.

Australians are claiming this as a record for good behavior and surely it would take some matching in other parts of the world. Canberra is nine years old and has a population of 9,000, spread over 22 suburbs. Except for traffic and betting cases and occasionally drunkenness, the police have practically nothing to occupy their time. The authorities attribute the residents' good behavior partly to the fact that Canberra, being a garden city, has no crowded slums.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 17

JESUS THE WATER OF LIFE

Golden text: Whosoever drinketh of the water that I shall give him shall never thirst. John 4:14.

Lesson: John 4:1-54.

Devotional reading: Romans 8:26-32.

Explanations And Comments

"The Meeting of Jesus and the Woman of Samaria, John 4:1-9. One day Jesus was on his way from Jerusalem to "his own country" of Galilee, and, as the record says, "must needs go through Samaria." On nearing Sychar he sat down to rest on the curb of Jacob's Well, while his disciples went on to the village to buy food. There came a woman of Samaria to draw water, "a very frequent type of person, who had drifted into a hopeless and disheveled way of living. She was like a waterlogged ship, not a tottering wreck, but incapable of movement, and needing both to be towed and to be steered into the harbor."

Jesus asked the woman for a drink and in surprise she exclaimed, "How is it that thou, being a Jew, askest water of me, who am a Samaritan woman?" (for Jews had no dealings with Samaritans, the Evangelist explains.) At this time it was not permissible to trade with Samaritans or the disciples ignored the law against it, verse 9; but no Jew would ask a favor of a Samaritan.

"The Offer of Living Water, verses 10-15. Jesus' words to the woman are full of yearning tenderness—"If you knew what God's blessings are, and how freely he gives them; if you knew that he who speaks to you has it in his power to give them all; you would be the seeker then, and he would not refuse you, he would give you the living water."

The woman must have been familiar with the figure Jesus employed, she must have known that there was hidden meaning in his words, but she pretended to take them literally and said that the well was deep and he had nothing with which to draw up the water; was he greater than their father Jacob who had dug the well and used it?"

The woman behaved just as men and women do now, "striving to keep a conversation in the shallows when it is tending towards the spiritual depths." We ministers of the Gospel, said Dr. Jowett, "know it more than most men. When men see what we are after, and feel the discomfort of it, what ingenuity they exercise to make the conversation back to the commonplace! How they will catch up a word which will give them the chance to recoil. They steer by the superficial to avoid the searching rays of truth."

"This water quenches thirst for but a short time," solemnly Jesus told the woman, "but the water which I deal, for it becomes in you a well of soul, for it springs into life eternal." Thus by a figure of speech, rather than by a declaration of doctrine, Jesus teaches that when one has entered the new life in Christ, which was our theme last week, when he has been "born anew," he finds perfect satisfaction.

Great Lakes Fleet Sold

Big Deal Is Reported In Great Lakes Shipping Circles

Purchase of the Great Lakes fleet of Eastern Steamships Limited, by Upper Lakes and St. Lawrence Transportation Co., Ltd., at a reported price of \$13,000,000, was announced in Toronto recently.

Negotiations have extended over several months. Last spring, 10 boats of the Eastern fleet were taken over and in the deal just completed the balance of the 20-boat fleet were purchased. Eastern operated freighters on the lakes for the past 13 years. The latest deal involved \$700,000, it was understood.

Mining Development

In The West

Rapid Expansion Of Mining Activity In Northwest Territories

The rapid expansion of mining activity which has taken place in the Northwest Territories in the past half decade is indicated in a review of the progress of prospecting and development prepared at the direction of Hon. T. A. Crerar, Minister of Mines and Resources. The statement, which is based on reports from the Great Bear Lake and Great Slave Lake fields, covers activities up to the end of November, since when the freeze-up has caused a general curtailment in surface operations.

Prior to 1929 the only metal mining properties with underground developments were at Great Slave Lake, namely, the lead-zinc property near Pine Point, and the Aurous Gold property on Wilson Island. Numerous small parties had been engaged in prospecting various areas in the North for a number of years but they were not successful in finding important mineral occurrences. The large scale aerial field exploration carried on by several mining companies in the Northwest Territories was responsible for the opening up of new areas. In 1929 the copper sulphides at Hunter Bay, and in the Coppermine River sections were staked. The following year the Echo Bay area of Great Bear Lake became the scene of pitchblende and native silver discoveries, and the resultant activities spread over a wide area during the next three years.

A renewed interest was shown in the Great Slave Lake section in 1935 when gold discoveries were made on Outpost Island and at Yellowknife Bay. These finds drew the attention of prospectors at Great Bear Lake with the result that by the summer of 1936 most of them had been attracted to the Great Slave Lake field.

What appears to be one of the most important discoveries in the Northwest Territories in recent years is that at Gordon lake, 50 miles north-east of Yellowknife Bay, Great Slave Lake. Another gold discovery was made on the south shore of Great Slave Lake about 20 miles east of the Taltson river. These finds were the result of prospecting efforts carried on in 1936 in favourable areas south and north of the eastern part of Great Slave Lake. There have been about 600 claims staked in vicinity of Gordon lake and several promising veins have been found.

The gold occurs in quartz associated with galena, sphalerite, chalcopyrite, pyrite, and stibnite. One vein averages about eight feet wide and has been traced for 700 feet with visible gold showing in several places.

Proves Too Costly

Modern Method Of Producing Gold Does Not Pay

Lord Rutherford, in the Henry Sidgwick Memorial lecture at Cambridge, spoke on "Modern Alchemy" and said it was now possible by modern methods to produce exceedingly minute quantities of gold, but only by the transmutation of an even more costly element—platinum. The amount of transmutation is usually on a minute scale and only rarely is the matter produced either visible or weighable. In the case of gold, the gold is not visible.—London Times

JUNIOR FARMERS VISIT INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER PLANT



When prize-winning boys and girls, 75 in number, and members of the Provincial Junior Farm Club team, visited Hamilton, Ont., a short time ago, one of the most interesting interludes was a trip to the Hamilton works of the International Harvester Company and the picture shown above was taken after a trip through the large plant. F. M. Morton, vice-president who is also honorary president of the Canadian Junior Farm Club, and Roy's Work received the group and conducted them on a trip through the plant, the second row. At noon there was a tasty luncheon served, at which J. G. Rayner, president of the Canadian Council, extended a generous word of praise to the Harvester company for its courtesy and contribution to the pleasant trip. Among other tributes, Mr. Rayner explained that a part of the funds necessary to carry on club work accrued from the proceeds of a gift made years ago by the International Harvester Company.

CLAIM IS MADE THAT HITLER IS GOING TO RETIRE

Berlin.—Assertions Adolf Hitler's resignation of the chancellorship in favor of Air Minister Hermann Goering will be announced Jan. 30 were linked here with reports dissolution of the reichstag and promulgation of a new reich constitution would be simultaneously proclaimed.

Hitler's virtual retirement from the public scene, maintaining only his title as "Der Fuehrer," has been definitely decided, official details notwithstanding, Nazi sources said.

According to their version of Hitler's plan, he hopes to keep the news a secret until the last minute. Announcement of General Goering's accession to the chancellorship will furnish one of the "surprise" developments of the Jan. 30 celebrations marking the fourth anniversary of the Nazis' accession to power, they said.

Reports predicting dissolution of the reichstag hold that this heritage of the Weimar republic would be replaced by a Nazi grand council reminiscent of the epoch of Teutonic knighthood.

According to other sources, a new constitution for the third reich has been formulated by the Nazi Academy of Law. Announcement of its promulgation would mark the final eradication of the Weimar constitution. Although severely revised, many parts of that document still remain in effect.

A review of the past year gives strength to the understanding Hitler has been grooming his air minister to take over active control of the government. Wearied of the everyday affairs of state, the Fuehrer is said to be anxious to step into a symbolical background where he may, as one staunch admirer hinted at the Nuremberg congress, be regarded as the "unworned kaiser of the third reich."

As a matter of fact, General Goering's expected elevation to the chancellorship would work little change in the present setup, it was pointed out. For the past six months he has been officially referred to as minister-president, rather than as minister-president of Prussia.

The year 1938 saw him showering with honors, the Fuehrer successively giving him complete control of trade exchanges and raw materials and then naming him "dictator" of Germany's four-year plan.

Fewer Libel Actions

Law Suits Against British Newspapers Are Greatly Reduced
London.—A remarkable decrease in the number of libel actions features the list for the coming law term. It probably arises through the disinclination recently shown by juries to award damages against newspapers for mere technical libels arising through the confusion of names, misprints or like mishaps.

English newspapers long have provided a fruitful field for exploitation by impetuous and shady parties who often calculate a newspaper's readiness to come to terms rather than incur heavy court costs.

A private bill by Samuel Storey, backed by Major J. J. Astor of The Times, has been submitted to the House of Commons, providing that the libel law should approximate that governing slander, wherever litigants are compelled to prove actual damage suffered.

Has Highest Production

Ottawa.—The Canadian Ayrshire Breeders' Association announced here Pride de St. Methode of the Provincial farm school at La Gorgendiere, Que., was now the highest Canadian Ayrshire producer in the four-year-old class, 365-day division with a record of 18,751 lbs. milk, 862 lbs. fat, average test 4.60 per cent.

Suggest New Silver Dollar

Yarmouth, N.S.—Yarmouth board of trade here is supporting a suggestion a new Canadian silver dollar be minted to commemorate the coronation of King George VI. next May. The board will forward its recommendation to the federal government and to the Bank of Canada.

Epidemic in Britain

One Out Of Every Four Persons In London Affected By Influenza

London.—One of every four persons in Greater London has been affected by the epidemic of mild influenza gripping the capital, it was estimated as public health officials launched a determined campaign to halt further spread of the disease.

Special bulletins describing symptoms and methods to avoid contagion were broadcast at regular intervals. Thousands went to physicians and hospitals to receive anti-influenza inoculations.

The epidemic struck in every quarter. Fully 1,400 members of London's police force were reported on the sick list. Charles Laughton, British actor, was among the theatrical notables confined to bed. He has not been able to appear at the Palladium, where he was playing in "Peter Pan."

The capital's theatre and sports world seemed completely demoralized by the number of casualties. Several scheduled events had to be cancelled or undergo last-minute reorganization.

Sir John Martin Harvey, famous 73-year-old actor, was another caught by the epidemic. He was unable to play the role of the Prophet Samuel in Sir James Barrie's play, "The Boy David," in which Elizabeth Bergner is starring. Dorothy Dix lost her voice completely and could not appear at the old Vic theatre, where she was playing the role of the queen in Hamlet.

South London appeared to be bearing the brunt of the epidemic, although its ravages were felt everywhere.

Premier's Motor License

Mackenzie King Has Double Seven On His Plate

Ottawa.—If there is any luck in the numeral "seven" Prime Minister Mackenzie King should get a double portion. His automobile registration for 1937 is "7-W-7."

It has been customary for some years for the prime minister and leader of the opposition to have the same numbers on each renewal of their car registration, but changes in the system of arranging the numbers have made this difficult.

Last year and the year before, Mr. Mackenzie King had the numbers 987 with different letters each year. Former Prime Minister R. B. Bennett customarily had "BB 1", but was unable to get that distinction last year. Mr. Bennett has been absent and his car is not in operation this year.

Recruiting in Britain

Government Favors The Voluntary System As Long As Possible

Glasgow.—Prediction voluntary recruiting would continue to be sufficient for Great Britain's military needs was made here by Sir Thomas Inskip, minister for co-ordination of defence.

Addressing the city of Glasgow territorial, army and air force association he said: "We are very closely wedded to maintenance of the voluntary system."

Sir Thomas emphasized the United Kingdom is exposed to the menace of air raids due to increasing range and speed of air craft.

Few places were left in the country, he said, that might reasonably be described as free from menace by air.

Takes Away Driving License

New York Judge Also Fines Hit-And-Run Driver

New York.—Rocco Graasi, 63-year-old plaster contractor, found guilty of the hit-run killing of a woman pedestrian, was under court order never to drive an automobile again during his life-time.

Judge Lester Patterson, in passing sentence, said "We cannot condone striking a person and running away. You wouldn't do that to a dog."

In addition to the life sentence of non-driving, Graasi was fined \$200.

Halifax.—A snowless winter thus far in Nova Scotia is worrying lumber operators. Lack of snow in the chief lumbering areas has caused such a setback it is estimated the resultant cut will be only two-thirds that of a normal year.

CONFERES WITH HITLER



Marshal Werner von Blomberg, German Minister of Defense, who conferred with Adolf Hitler over the Franco-British demands that enlistment of foreign volunteers to Spain be stopped.

Lost In Woods

Aged Trapper Has Harrowing Experience In Nova Scotia

Black Point, N.S.—Seymour Harnis, 98, stumbled out of the woods back of his home nine days after he entered and three days after searchers led by Royal Canadian Mounted Police had given him up for dead.

Pale and weakened by hunger, sleeplessness and cold, Harnis told a vivid story of how he wandered back to the path he had taken more than a week ago and was able to follow it to his home.

Fearful of freezing to death if he allowed himself to sleep, he had wandered nine days and eight nights through the wilderness of granite and spruce, weakened by frequent dizzy and fainting spells.

He had suffered a dizzy spell while tending his rabbit snares and that was how he became lost. Instead of turning to his home he penetrated deep into the forest.

Relief Grants Reduced

Toronto Not Needing Amount Received Last Year

Toronto.—Government relief grants to Toronto over the next three months will be cut \$630,000, it was announced at provincial government offices. Instead of turning over to the city \$2,099,615 during January, February and March, as was done last year, government relief aid will run about \$1,469,725, provincial relief officials said. Reduction is based on increased employment in the city, fewer people on relief and smaller relief expenditure as revealed by Toronto welfare returns to the provincial department and the Ontario government's own figures, it was said.

Marketing Grain

Says Open Selling System Best Known Method Devised

Winnipeg.—Selling of grain through the present open market system offered by grain exchanges was the best known method of marketing wheat, declared W. Sanford Evans of Winnipeg in continuing his evidence before the Turgeon royal grain commission.

Mr. Evans, concluding his second day on the witness stand, said there could be no such thing as a "collapse" of the wheat market. He believed better market conditions would have prevailed had not government agencies entered the markets after the world-wide depression started in 1929.

Disapproving the general public speculating in wheat futures, Mr. Evans said he did not think, however, they did the market much harm.

Reviewing various marketing methods, Mr. Evans said possibly a degree of regulation might be advisable for the present open market method but he said all the essentials of the system should be retained and not interfered with in any way.

Have Lost Citizenship

Two Russian Scientists Barred From Country By Soviet Union

Moscow.—The presidium of the central executive committee, by special decree deprived Professor Vladimir N. Ipatiev and Alexis Chibabain, scientists, of their citizenship.

The decree forbade the scientists even to return to the Soviet Union. They were charged with "having refused to fulfill their duty to the fatherland."

The scientists were expelled from the Russian Academy of Science Dec. 30, on charges of violating the new Russian constitution by refusing to return to Russia to continue their scientific work.

Shipment Of Arms

Spanish Steamer Leaves New York Laden With Aeroplanes

Washington.—Time and a technicality thwarted United States congress in its race to stop munitions shipments to Spain.

An administration embargo against such exports streaked through both houses at the fastest pace since the emergency banking legislation of 1933.

Even faster, however, was the departure from New York of a Spanish steamer laden with aeroplanes sent to the Spanish nationalists by Robert Cuse, Jersey City broker.

Tax Must Be Paid

Winnipeg.—Notices have been sent out by the Manitoba government to 3,000 Dominion government employees in the province they must pay forthwith all amounts owing on Manitoba's two per cent wage tax. The employees were recently found liable for the tax, which they had protested, by the privy council.

FRANCO-TURKISH ISSUE SUBMITTED TO THE LEAGUE

London.—Coincident with difficulties in regard to the Spanish civil war, threatening clouds now rise over the Near East.

There, on the old battleground of Saracen and Crusader, French and Turks are at issue over the districts of Alexandretta and Antioch on the Turco-Syrian frontier.

The dispute arose a few months back when France recognized the independence of Syria, over which she previously held a League of Nations mandate. Turkey claimed 80 per cent of the population of Antioch and Alexandretta districts were Turkish and should not be included in the independent Syrian republic.

Turkey submitted the issue to the league, claiming the two dependencies were conditionally ceded by treaties of 1921 and 1923. Turkey asked that as a matter of extreme urgency, conservatory measures should be taken to ensure the safety of Turkish peoples whose lives and liberties were endangered.

A temporary compromise was reached by the league council in December providing:

1.—Despatch of league observers to the scene;
2.—Withdrawal of recent French reinforcements;

3.—Postponement of French ratification of the Franco-Syrian convention until after the council meets again on Jan. 15.

Yet while skies darken over Syria they brighten over Palestine.

The Arabs there are reported to have reached an 11th hour decision to end their boycott of the Peel commission. In the early autumn Palestine was the scene of disturbances which, starting with an anti-Jewish general strike, developed into an Arab rebellion.

It had been provisionally arranged the commission would hold its last session on Jan. 10 and passages for its members had been tentatively booked from Port Said for Jan. 17. Now, however, it is expected the commission will prolong its stay in Jerusalem in order to receive Arab testimony.

Textile Tariffs

Downward Revision In Schedules Is Expected At Session

Ottawa.—Unless all signs fail, downward revisions in the textile schedules of the Canadian tariff will be a major development in this session of parliament. Lower duties against British woolsens and artificial silks are expected and a cut in the imports on higher grade manufactured cottons from the United States.

Evidence of profits made by some textile firms in Canada submitted to Judge W. P. A. Turgeon's inquiry into the industry is believed to have caused the government to lend an ear to proponents of lower tariffs. British textile people also urge better treatment in the new trade agreement now being negotiated between Canada and the United Kingdom.

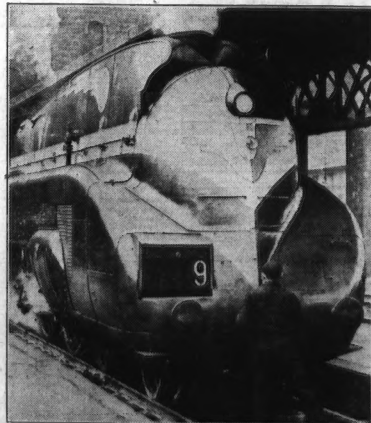
Textile manufacturing is one of the big industries in Canada and any changes in the protection it receives will be of far-reaching effect. The domestic production this year will run over \$350,000,000. For the 12 months ended Oct. 31 last, Canadian imports of textiles totalled \$96,000,000, compared with \$84,000,000 the year before.

Most of the imports come from Great Britain and United States. British textile exports to Canada jumped from \$39,000,000 in 1935 to \$43,000,000 in 1936, and the United States exports from \$51,000,000 to \$35,000,000. Raw cotton constitutes about half of the textiles coming from the United States.

Ontario Premier For Coronation

Toronto.—Premier Mitchell Hepburn of Ontario will officially represent the province at King George's coronation next May, it was reported at Queens Park. It is understood the premier, accompanied by Mrs. Hepburn and their two children, will sail for England at the end of April, probably returning in June. It is possible a member of the Conservative opposition may also attend.

THE LATEST FRENCH STREAMLINED LOCOMOTIVE



Our photograph shows the new streamlined engine which is now undergoing trials on the French Northern Railway. The picture was taken at the start of these trials when it pulled the Calais Express boat train from Paris.

STONY PLAIN SUN,

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Thursday, Jan. 14, 1937.

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FARMERS, SAVE MONEY!

Thru the Winter months I
am giving 20 p. c. discount on
Drills, Plows, Harrows and
General Repair Work.

JOHN GEORGE, Blacksmith

The Overcoming of Evil.

The following editorial, id which there is much truth, appeared in a recent issue of The Toronto Star Weekly:

"The people of the churches are being urged to join in a crusade to combat atheism and patriotic citizens are being called on to put down Communism. The surest way of checking atheism would be to apply Christian principles to every department of life, and the most effective offset to Communistic propaganda would be an improvement in living conditions in all countries. People will not turn away from religion so long as church members exemplify the Christian virtues, nor will they uproot a capitalism which gives them security and prosperity.

"Centuries ago the view prevailed that the most effective means of combatting error, whether scientific, economic or religious, was to remove those who entertained error. More recently it was thought that the world had become so enlightened that everybody knew that the most certain means of overcoming error was to exalt the truth.

"Unfortunately, the rebels in Spain and other varieties of Fascists have revived the ancient practice of suppression by extermination. They seem to feel, contrary to the teachings of The Nazarene, that it is a Christian virtue to blot out the godless."

NOW A NEW BIGGER BAR



MORE SOAP AT NO EXTRA COST

The new Sunlight Soap—is the same pure, quick-dissolving soap that has lightened the wash-day burden of millions of housewives... the only soap with a \$5,000 guarantee of purity... easy on the clothes and hands. Ask your dealer for the new, larger Sunlight bar and save money.

Now a bigger bar in a single carton. The 4 small bars in one carton will no longer be obtainable.

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LAWSON BROTHERS LIMITED

THE WORLD'S GOOD NEWS

will come to your home every day through
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

An International Daily Newspaper
It records for you the world's news, enlightens and guides. The Monitor does not exploit crime or sensational pictures. It is a true, fair, and family, including the Weekly Morning Edition.

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One, Broadway Street, Boston, U.S.A.
Please enter my subscription for the Christian Science Monitor for
\$1.00 per year in advance. 6 months \$0.50 3 months \$0.25 1 month \$0.10
Name _____
Address _____

Gum Dipped
FOR EXTRA STRENGTH
EVERY FIBER INSULATED WITH GUMS
2 EXTRA CORD PLYS UNDER THE TREAD
THE TIRE THAT TAUGHT THRIFT TO SANDS

About the Neighbours

Somebody once said it takes all kinds of people to make a world. Most of us agree they are all here. You may like all your neighbours and you may not. The point is, it not, WHY not?

Would you remain friendly with the man who told you one thing one day and the opposite the next? Would you prefer a neighbour who always lived up to his promises, to one who promised one thing one day and did something entirely different the next?

Would you lend your closest neighbour your binder or wagon if you had no reason to suppose he would ever return it? Or would you lend him your cold chisel if you knew he would tell all his friends you were the most unreasonable and most greedy person alive?

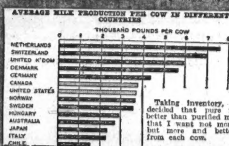
Do you think for a minute your community would be made more harmonious, a better place in which to live if everybody did the best they could, were as fair in their dealings with each other as you would have your neighbour be with you?

Is it not a marvelous feeling to know you can trust your neighbour? Is there any excuse your neighbour can possibly make that would pardon him in your own mind for suddenly disregarding all agreements or promises he ever made to you?

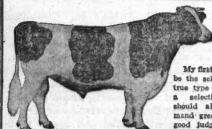
This statement is one of a series written by The Mortgage Loans Association of the Province of Alberta. The Association is composed of 34 member companies. It represents hundreds of thousands of small investments by typical Canadians. Its loans to citizens of Alberta amount to some forty-five million dollars.

(The fifth statement in this series will be published in two weeks)

As a progressive Dairyman desiring to secure maximum profits from my milk herd, I realize the necessity of adhering to an organized schedule of care, feeding and handling.



"Telling investors, I have decided that pure milk is better than purified milk and that I want not more cows, but more and better milk from each cow."



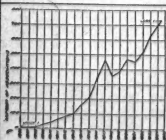
My first step should be the selection of a true type herd also—A selection which should always command great care and good judgment.



Proper selection of dams also will bring the own records to show milk, better milk and better animals.



The comfort of the animal is important. Thorough cleaning should be performed, clipping about flanks, udders and legs—Blue during stable months and all over the body when turning out in the spring should be part of my program. Clean animal, clean milk with low bacteria count.



The growth in the number of our testing associations continues in our 16 a good thing. I pledge my association full support and co-operation.



Proper feeding is essential. Therefore I shall always provide a carefully balanced ration for my milk and as well as a plentiful supply of pure, clean water.



Any cow in my herd suspected of being a boarder or otherwise lacking in necessary qualifications shall undergo a fair, but thorough test. What I expect on my herd must come back to me at a profit.



During the hot months, whenever possible, I shall supply my herd with a cool, clean, outside resting place, where they may chew their cuds in peace and ruminate on the blessings of being a provider rather than a parasite.



A dry condition like that pictured here shall never prevail in my herd. Rather than permit, cull and launch my herd thoroughly by weaning with a damp cloth.



A clean barn, good milking facilities, water at the milking machine and no milking in the open air are the proper conditions for a high standard of production.



The dairy or creamery that buys my milk must value quality and sanitation as much as I do. They must carry on from the point beyond which I have no control.



Then when my milk is bottled I shall know I am repaid for my efforts. I shall get more milk and more money for my milk and the result of clean and better milk shall appear throughout the land.

Young's Grocery Store,
Fresh Stock of Groceries Just In.
Good Goods. Prices Right.
 Call in at the O-K Lunch Counter for a Good
 Lunch or a Warm Drink.

**LOW FARES TO
 THE PACIFIC COAST.**
VANCOUVER :: VICTORIA,
Prince Rupert, New Westminster.
 Return Limit, 6 Months from date of sale.
 First Class.
 Tickets on Sale Daily, October 1st, 1936,
 to May 14, 1937.

To Oregon, Washington and California.
 30-Day First-class Return. 6-months Interme-
 diate and Coach Class Return.

STOPOVER PRIVILEGES.

For Full Particulars as to Fares, Reserva-
 tions, etc., from Local Agent.

Breaking Faith with the People.

Thrifty, hard-working conscientious citi-
 zens are the backbone of Canada.

They are the real owners of the bonds that
 finance the Governments of the nation—fede-
 ral, provincial, municipal.

It is their savings which are invested in
 the mortgages that build the homes and de-
 velop the farms and industries of the Do-
 minion.

Three and a-half million of such citizens
 have banded themselves together as policy-
 holders in the great co-operative business of
 life insurance.

Thru their hard-earned savings, these pol-
 icyholders have built up an insurance estate
 of over six billion dollars for themselves and
 their dependants.

To protect this estate, they have 2 billion
 dollars in the best securities that Canada, its
 provinces and municipalities, its farms and
 industries have to offer.

Alberta has its share of these dollars—has
 millions of them—invested in bonds and mort-
 gages. It has more millions invested by trust,
 mortgage, loan and banking institutions, whose
 funds also represent the savings of millions of
 individual Canadians.

On behalf of its policyholders, as on be-
 half of other institutions and organisations
 whose investments represent the hard-earned
 savings of thrifty citizens, life insurance ex-
 pects that—where there is the ability to pay—
 the terms upon which Alberta bonds were
 sold, and Alberta mortgages accepted, shall
 be observed.

Where the borrower is willing but unable
 to pay, a policy of adjustment, and not of re-
 pudiation, should prevail. Such adjustments
 have been made again and again during recent
 years, thru individual negotiations, and also
 thru the debt adjustment board and farmers'
 creditors arrangement act.

But if Alberta persists in legislation that
 cancels public and private debts, regardless of
 the debtors ability to pay, she will break faith
 with the thrifty, hard-working, conscientious
 citizens of her own and other provinces who
 are the backbone of the Dominion.

Stony Plain and District.

Councillor Elmer Anderson
 is visiting friends in Portland,
 Oregon.

Pat Gannon, on the forward
 line of Calgary Canadians, is
 paying Stony Plain a visit
 this week.

Barber Wm Kotcherofski
 has resumed his practice, after
 being confined to his house,
 suffering from a "cold."

A hockey game is billed to
 be played at the local rink to-
 night, the 14th—Rexboro v
 Stony.

Ratepayers of Glory Hills
 S.D. No. 400 will hold their
 annual meeting in the school-
 house on Saturday next, Jan.
 16th.

There will be a Community
 dance at Muir Lake Hall on
 Friday, Jan. 22.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED
 at The Royal Cafe.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh
 Route of 800 families. Write
 today. Rawleigh, Dept. WGR-96
 SA, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

Reduction in Rates.

Local patrons of the Calgary
 Power Company have received the
 following announcement—

We are pleased to announce
 the cancellation of the Winter
 Rate Schedule which formerly
 applied during the period Nov.
 1 to Feb. 28; and to advise you
 that the lower Summer Rate
 Schedule will now continue in
 effect throught the year. We
 trust this may prove a real bene-
 fit to you.

The Market Report

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	111
No. 2 Northern	107
No. 3 Northern	102
No. 4 Northern	100
RATS.	
2 C. W.	42
3 C. W.	40
Extra 1 Feed	40
No. 1 Feed	39
No. 2 Feed	37
BARLEY	
No. 3	70
No. 4	67

For Sale—House on Third ave.,
 Stony Plain; 5 rooms, barn, well;
 sell reasonable. Phone 16. h.h.

Spruce Grove News.

Due to the sudden death of his mother (Mrs Nelson),
 Mr R W Nelson left for Vancouver on Sunday last's morn-
 ing train.

Members of the Spruce Grove United Church intend
 holding their annual Congregation meeting on Thursday
 Evening, January 14th. The meeting will be held in the
 church building.

In connection with the report on the recent fire on the
 J G Schumm farm, a total of 1500 bushels of grain—not
 7,000 bushels, as was first reported—was saved from the
 granary.

W. H. Kuhl, the member of the House of Commons
 who claims that Alberta has the status of a Sovereign State,
 was in a come-together party last week, when the automob-
 ile he was driving out 107th St., Edmonton, collided with
 one which was driven by a lady from St. Albert. Each car
 was damaged to the extent of \$100, but the drivers escaped
 without injury.

When a visiting Editor was explaining to a local young
 man on Railroad ave. Monday that there had been a royal
 wedding last week in a European country at which there
 were 12 bridesmaids and 12 groomsmen, the young man
 simply replied "it was puffedly ridiculous."

A woman having the reputation of being unusually pru-
 dent stopped at a neighbor's place to borrow the use of the
 phone. She called up 972 5121 and said "You needn't send
 up that nickel's worth of cat meat; the cat's jist caught a
 mouse!"

Kuhl Lashes Money Barons.

In a two-hour address delivered by Walter H Kuhl,
 M.P. for Jasper-Edson, at Red Deer last week, he is re-
 ported as having said the school book idea of the House
 of Commons as a group of solons, was all wrong; they were
 just engaged in a conspiracy to uphold the power of the
 financial brigands; and what they did for real public welfare
 might be summed up in one word—Nothing.

The bank racket was the greatest unchallenged
 swindle in our economic set-up, he said; and the way out
 was to secure at once a brand new Constitution for Canada.
 This, he claimed, was "easy, under the terms of the Statute
 of Westminster, which conferred Sovereign autonomy on
 each of the nine provinces. To speak of the "federal" gov-
 ernment was nonsense, as Canada never had confederated at
 any time.



Don't Lose Money.

Crops consisting of mixed or unsuitable vari-
 eties grade and yield poorly, so lose money to
 the farmer. The higher the price of grain, of
 course, the greater the loss suffered.

The use of good seed will avoid these losses. See the nearest
 Seale (Home) Agent about securing good seed at cost
 price.

SEALE GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED

Why He Quits.

She—Why did you give up ice
 skating? Was it because people
 laughed when you fell down?

Patjaak—No, but the ice was
 always making fun of cracks.

Open Seasons for Game.

Ducks, geese, Sept. 16 to Nov. 1
 Hungarian Partridge, Oct. 1—
 Nov. 30. South of N. Saskatchewan
 River only.

Grouse, Pheasants and Prairie
 Chicken—No open season.

Deer, moose, Nov. 2 to Dec. 14
 Mink, martin, otter, Nov. 1—
 March 31

Muskrat, Mar. 1—April 3. South
 of N. Saskatchewan river, no open
 season.

Sunday Shooting is prohibited
 Game licenses and trappers' li-
 censes may be procured at The Sun
 Office.

Inga M. D. Poundkeepers.

Poundkeeper—Mr. P. L. Swave.
 Post Office, Stony Plain. Pound
 located on N.E. 9, 52, 1w5.

Poundkeeper—Mr. Jacob Garch-
 nitz. Post Office, Duffield. Pound
 located on SE 5, 52, 3w5.

Poundkeeper—Mr. D. McDonald.
 Post Office, Carvel. Pound locat-
 ed on SE 28, 51, 2w5.

Pound Notices to be posted at
 the following Post Offices—Stony
 Plain, Brightbank Carvel & Duff-
 field.

NOTICE!

German Canadian, Witlover and
 family; honest and a beg; will in-
 vest money in widow's farm and
 manage and work same; no profit
 nor high wage expected; suitable
 permanently and marry, if suitable
 an objection to children. Addres:
 Box 21, Sun Off. e. m.

LOST, Neek Scarf, yellow plaid.
 Please leave at Sun Office m.

FOR SALE.

Northeast Quarter of Section 36,
 Tp. 53, Range 1, west of 5th. Re-
 serving therefrom a portion of ap-
 proximately five acres containing
 buildings (occupied) and situate on
 the southeast corner of the above de-
 scribed land.

\$10.00 per acre.
 Terms, \$50.00 cash, and balance in
 8 equal annual instalments.

Subject to approval of Minister of
 Municipal Affairs.

THE COUNCIL OF MUNICIPAL
 DISTRICT OF INGA NO. 520.

JOSEPH BEST, Secretary-Treas.
 Post Office—
 Duffield, Alberta.

COAL

Merco Hard Coal

**Black Diamond
 Coal.**

**AT REASONABLE
 PRICES.**

**ARMBRUSTER
 LUMBER CO.**

PHONE 29.